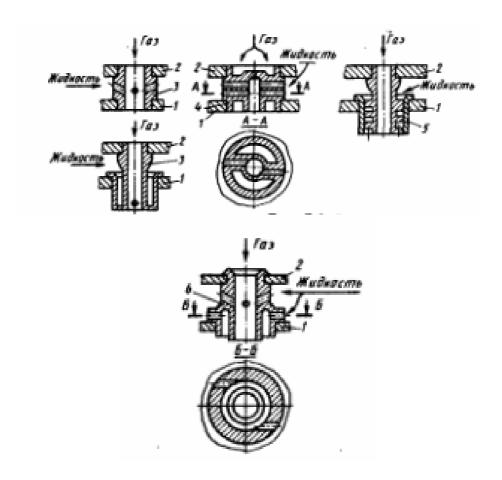


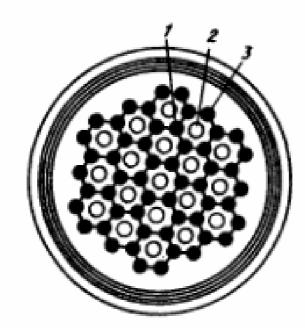
Alternatives of design of fluid-flow injectors and their joints with the plates:

- 1 the front plate (forward dome);
- 2 the middle plate (partition);
- 3 the bicomponent spray injector;
- 4 a unicomponent swirl-type injector with a vortex generator (screw);
- 5 the unicomponent spray -centrifugal (combined) injector;
- 6 a bicomponent swirl-type injector with tangential holes;
- 7 a distance sleeve;
- $d_{\mbox{\tiny K3}}$ diameter of the chamber of curling.



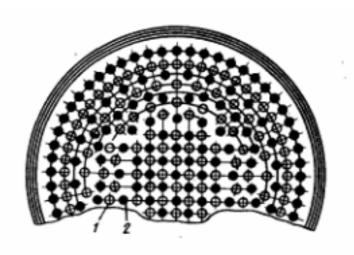
Alternatives of design of gas-liquid injectors and their joint with the plates:

- 1 the front plate;
- 2 the middle plate;
- 3 the spray -spray injector;
- 4 a spray -swirl-type burner with tangential holes;
- 5 a spray -swirl-type burner with screw vortex generator;
- 6 two- cascade (combined: a first cascade gas-liquid the spray -spray injector; the second cascade fluid-flow centrifugal with tangential holes) injector



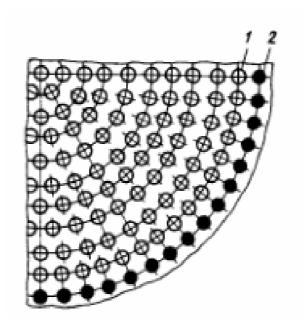
Cellular arrangement of injectors:

- 1 spray -swirl-type burners;
- 2, 3 swirl-type burners.



Chess arrangement of injectors with transition to a round:

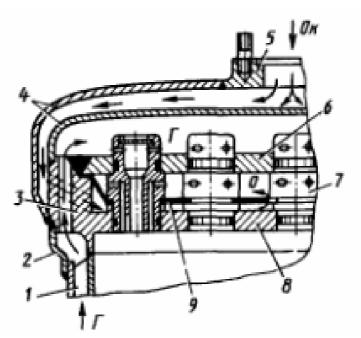
- 1 an injector of oxidizing agent;
- 2 an injector of fuel



Arrangement of injectors on concentric rounds:

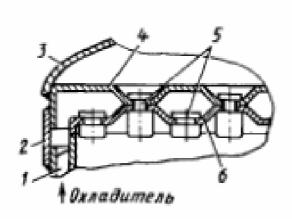
1 - a doublet injector;

2 monopropellant injector



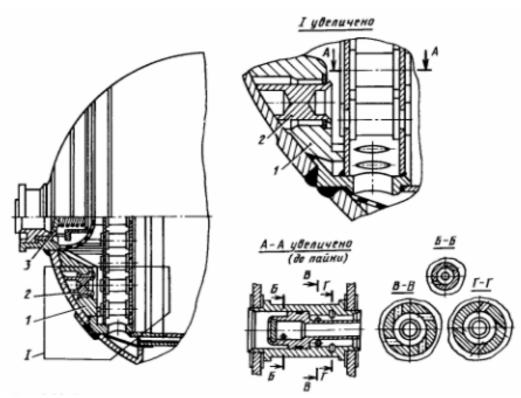
The head with doublet injectors:

- 1 a combustor casing;
- 2 a connective ring;
- 3 a body of the mixing head;
- 4 the outside end plates;
- 5 flange of input of oxidizing agent;
- 6 the middle plate;
- 7 injectors;
- 8 front plate;
- 9 deflector

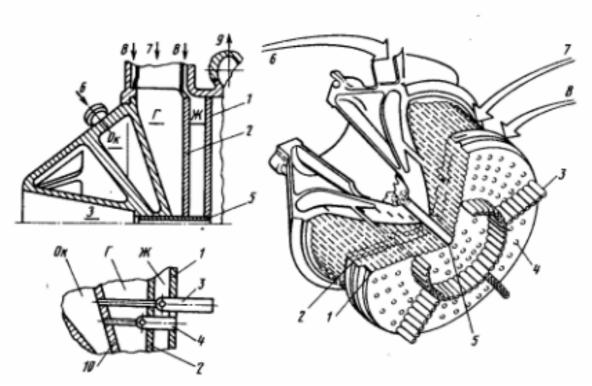


The head of the simplified design with monopropellant injectors:

- 1 a body of the chamber;
- 2 a connective ring;
- 3, 4 the outside and middle plates (aft dome and partition);
- 5 injectors;
- 6 the forward plate (forward dome)



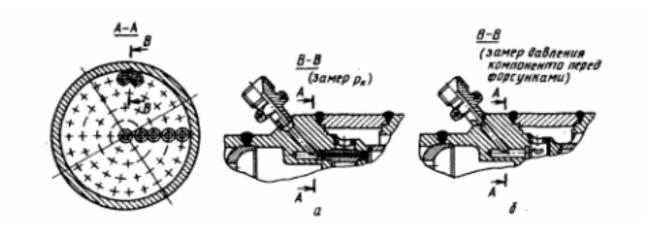
The mixing head with a diminished volume of an outside cavity: 1 - filler of a cavity; 2 - a pin; 3 – a reverse valve



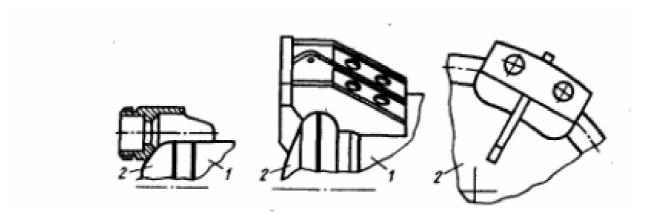
The head of SSME:

- 1 forward dome;
- 2 partition;
- 3 the injectors which formed antipulsation partitions (baffles);
- 4 main injectors;
- 5 a channel for an ignition unit;
- 6 input of oxidizing agent;
- 7 gaseous feed from turbines;
- 8 the hydrogen cooling gas pipes;
- 9 removal of the cooling agent from a channel of the chamber;
- 10 the outside cooling agent plate (aft dome);

Cavities: O κ - oxidizing agent; Γ - gas is a lot of hydrogen; K - hydro

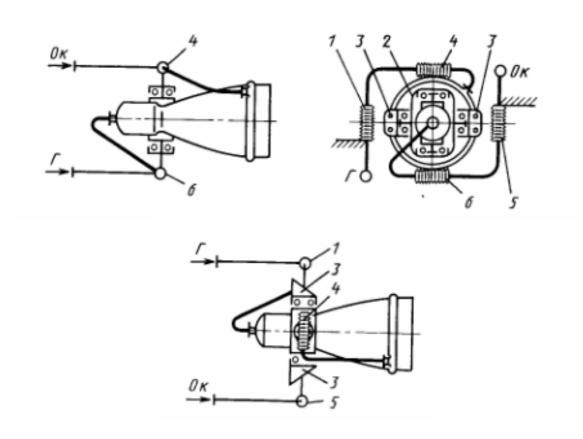


The installation of the pipe connector of pressure sensing



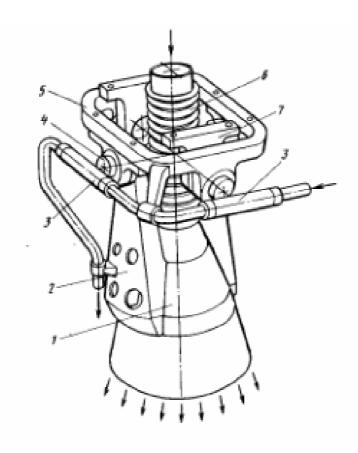
Mounting brackets of the chamber:

- 1 a combustor camber;
- 2 the mixing head



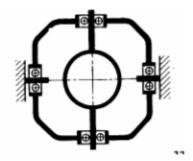
The gimbal mount of LPRE chamber without afterburning:

- 1 a bellows c, fastened with a frame;
- 2 a frame of the gimbal mount;
- 3 a mounting bracket to a frame;
- 4 a bellows of fuel, fastened with the chamber;
- 5 the bellows of oxidizing agent fastened with a frame;
- 6 the bellows of oxidizing agent fastened with the chamber;
- $O\kappa$ oxidizing agent; Γ fuel



The gimbal mount of LPRE chamber with afterburning

- 1 the chamber;
- 2 a bracket (2 piece);
- 3 a flexible element on the pipeline of a fuel component (2 piece);
- 4 a journal (2 piece);
- 5 frame of the gimbal mount;
- 6 a flexible element of the gas pipe;
- 7 a journal of an engine frame (2 piece)



The principal diagram of the gimbal mount